

DIRECTORATE OF INTELLIGENCE

Intelligence Memorandum

North Korea's Foreign Trade

Secret

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CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY Directorate of Intelligence 26 January 1968

INTELLIGENCE MEMORANDUM

North Korea's Foreign Trade

Summary

North Korea's foreign trade is oriented strongly to other Communist countries. During 1966, these countries accounted for 87 percent of total trade of about \$445 million, and the USSR and Communist China in combination made up 75 percent of the total. Almost one-half of North Korea's non-Communist trade with Free World countries was with Japan.

With the exception of trade in bulk commodities, almost all trade with the USSR and Communist China moves by overland transport routes. North Korean trade with other countries, including all Free World nations moves entirely by sea.

Note: This memorandum was produced by CIA. It was prepared by the Office of Economic Research. This memorandum is a preliminary analysis of North Korean trade data. A more detailed study will be published on the completion of further analysis of trade and shipping data.

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Overall Trade

- 1. North Korea's foreign trade, most of which is with other Communist countries, has been of great importance to the development of the economy. The value of North Korea's foreign trade in 1966 was about \$445 million, compared with \$429 million in 1965. Imports had consistently exceeded exports, until in 1966 when North Korea achieved an export surplus with both the Free World and the Communist countries.
- 2. Exports, which have increased steadily since 1964, totaled about \$236 million in 1966, an increase of 13 percent, and imports totaled \$208 million, a decline of 5 percent, as shown in the following tabulation:

			Millio	n US \$		
		1965			1966	
	<u>Total</u>	Imports	Exports	<u>Total</u>	Imports	Exports
Total <u>a</u> /	429	220	209	445	208	236
Free World	57	34	23	59	26	33
Communist	373	187	186	386	183	203

a. Because of rounding, components may not add to the totals shown.

3. North Korea is dependent on imports of coking coal, petroleum products, rubber, chemicals (especially fertilizers), and a wide range of machinery and equipment, including complete plant installations. Also, wheat and sugar have been imported in recent years. North Korea's exports are chiefly ferrous and nonferrous metals and minerals. Other important export commodities include rice, fish, and chemicals.

Trade with Communist Countries

4. About 87 percent of North Korea's trade in 1966 was with other Communist countries. This share has been relatively constant since 1964.

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The Soviet Union and Communist China, the principal trading partners, together accounted for about three-fourths of North Korea's total trade in 1966. In 1966, as in the past, machinery, equipment, and petroleum products accounted for about one-half of North Korea's imports from the Soviet Union. The remaining imports from the Soviet Union consisted mostly of wheat, cotton, steel, chemicals, and wood products. North Korea's most important import from Communist China was coking coal, followed by minerals, ferrous metals, steel products, rubber, chemicals, cotton, and sugar. Imports from the Eastern European Communist countries consist mainly of machinery and equipment and chemical products.

Trade with the Free World

5. North Korea's trade with the Free World has been expanding steadily since 1962, but is still less than 15 percent of total trade. Japan is North Korea's largest non-Communist trading partner, accounting for almost one-half of North Korea's trade with the Free World in 1966. Japan is the major Free World customer for North Korean exports of ores and semimanufactures of iron, zinc, and lead. North Korea imports machinery, equipment, and chemicals from Japan and Western Europe. Wheat is also imported from France, Greece, Australia, and Argentina.

Trade Routes

6. The largest share of North Korea's trade with the USSR and Communist China moves overland, although trade in bulk commodities such as ore and cement moves by sea. North Korean trade with all Free World countries and with Communist countries other than the USSR and Communist China moves entirely by sea. Analysis of calls by merchant ships at North Korean ports in 1967 reveals that Japanese ships made 34 percent of the calls, Soviet ships 33 percent, Polish and British ships 8 percent each, Greek ships 5 percent, and an assortment of Free World and Communist ships the remaining 12 percent.

Pable 1

North Korea: Foreign Trade a/ 1964-66

		1964			1965			1966	
Country	Total	Exports	Imports	Total	Exports	Imports	Total	Exports	Imports
Total	398.2	196.5	201.7	429.3	208.9	220.4	444.8	236.4	208.4
Free World	41.9	23.0	18.9	56.5	22.6	33.9	58.9	33.0	25.9
Communist Countries	356.3		182.8	372.8	186.3	186.5	385.9	203.4	182.5
USSR China Eastern Europe	163.6 141.2 42.9	80.7 65.9 22.2	82.9 75.3 20.7	178.1 140.0 48.7	88.3 70.0 25.0	89.8 70.0 23.7	177.9 150.0 46.1	92.3 75.0 27.4	85.6 75.0 18.7
Albania Bulgaria Czechoslovakia East Germany Hungary Poland Rumania		0110160	444444 6 4446444 6	8.1.2.7.7.1.1 8.0.0.1.0	00 F w w o w o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o	4004447	x a 20 m d d d d d d d d d d d d d d d d d d	N.A. 101.08.03.11.06.11.06.11.11.11.11.11.11.11.11.11.11.11.11.11	. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0.
Other	φ. Φ.	7.4	3.9	0.9	3.0	3.0	11.9	8.7	w 0.

Because of rounding, components may not add to the totals shown.

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North Korea: Trade with Selected Free World Countries 1964-66

							1	Thous	Thousand US \$
	1	1964			1965			1966	
Country	Total	Exports	Imports	Total	Exports	Imports	Total	Exports	Imports
Japan France	31,300	20,100 14	11,200	31,231 4,449	14,724 76	16,507 4,373	27,711 6,890 5,161	22 , 694	5,017 6,844
Greece Kong Kong Anstralia	1,703	1,700				103	4,260 3,034	4,239	21 21 3.034
UAR	1,300	700		918		428	2,810	1,658	1,152
Netherlands	4,705	5		5,473		4,625	2,481	1,135	1,346
West Germany	1,197	300		3,678		7,606	2,274	1,233	1,041
Argentina Inited Kingdom	120	89	JI O	0[2		109	1,106 591	543	1,106 48
Italy	992	113		529		221	519	194	325
Belgium-Luxembourg	107	9		919		$10^{l_{+}}$	416	340	92
Switzerland	25	54		281		7	231	229	N
Denmark	Н		4	276		Н	142	1^{h} 1	-
Austria	236		236	1,111		873	57	a	55
Sweden	г	٦		390		18	Н		П

Table 3

forea: Commodity Composition of Imports
from the Free World and the USSR
1964-65 North Korea:

			Thou	Thousand US \$
	1964		1965	
	Free World	a/ USSR	Free World 2/	USSR
Total	18,860	82,888	33,863	89,777
Foodstuffs	1,100	143	8,100	6,328
Of which:				
Wheat and corn			7,143	6,139
Crude materials, fuels, and edible oils	909	7,523	650	9,094
Of which:				
Cotton	564	6,700	428	8,260
Chemicals	2,904	3,097	3,161	3,346
Of which				
Fertilizers	614	0	1,113	0
Manufactures	13,500	44,673	18,900	46,539
Of which:				
Iron and steel Machinery and equipment	3,730 6,284	6,269 28,059	8,200 9,354	5,875 28,689
Other	750	27,452	3,052	24,470

Because of adjustments, totals may not agree with totals shown in Table 1.

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Table 4

North Korea: Commodity Composition of Exports to the Free World and the USSR 1964-65

			Thous	Thousand US \$
	1964		1965	
	Free World a/	USSR	Free World a	USSR
Total	23,055	80,666	22,640	88,332
Foodstuffs	2,234	8,900	1,817	20,862
Of which:				
Fish and fish preparations Rice	767 1,406	3,122	1,251 71	960,9
Crude materials, fuels, and edible oils	7,200	3,246	600,6	2,827
Of which:				
Silk Minerals	1,216	3,143	1,490	981
Coal	984		199	
Chemicals		2,599	79	23030
Manufactures	13,600	64,488	11,750	60,851
Of which:				
Building materials	0	4,607	0	7,758
Clothing		621	į	1,021
Iron and steel	8,749	43,265	746,4	39,137
Nonferrous metals	4,240	11,102	0,320	(,203
Other	OI	1,433	OI	1,762

Because of adjustments, totals may not agree with totals in Table 1.

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